

# \_IT Security and Intellectual Property

## Personal Firewalls

“Case study ::ZoneAlarm Security Suite”

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EVERYTHING HE LOVES IS ABOUT TO BE USED AGAINST HIM.

# FIREWALL

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\*source: <http://movies.yahoo.com/movie/1808750745/info> "February 10th, 2006 "

# What is firewall

**Firewall** is a piece of hardware and/or software which functions in a network environment to prevent some communications forbidden by the **security policy**, analogous to the function of firewalls in building construction.

The ultimate goal is: providing safe and controlled connectivity between **zones** of differing trust levels through the enforcement of a security policy and connectivity model.

Usually, the internet (a zone with **no trust**) and an internal network (a zone with **high trust**).

# Firewall techniques

Usually, **multiple techniques** are used to enhance the security level.

The main techniques are:

**Packet filter:** test each packet entering or leaving the network. It is typically done in a router.


Adv. Fairly effective and transparent to users.

Dis.

It is difficult to configure.

It is susceptible to **IP spoofing** .

# Firewall techniques



**Application gateway:** Applies security mechanisms to specific applications, such as FTP and Telnet servers.

Adv. It is very effective.

Dis. Can impose performance degradation.

**Circuit-level gateway:** Applies security mechanisms when a TCP or UDP connection is established.

**Proxy server:** Intercepts all messages entering and leaving the network.

Adv. Hides the true network addresses. [\[1\]](#)[\[2\]](#)

# Firewall techniques

## Stateful Inspection

Compares certain key parts of the packet to a database of trusted information. Information traveling from inside the firewall to the outside is monitored for specific defining characteristics, and then incoming information is compared to these characteristics. [\[3\]](#)

## Network Address Translation (NAT)

Allows one IP address, which is shown to the outside world, to refer to many IP addresses internally; one on each client station. [\[4\]](#)

# Firewalls are customizable

Add or remove filters based on several conditions:

**IP Address**

**Domain names**

**Protocols** – allow and block different protocols such as:

**IP** (internet protocol)

**TCP** (transmission control protocol)

**HTTP** (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol)

**FTP** (File Transfer Protocol)

**UDP** (User Datagram Protocol)

**ICMP** (Internet Control Message Protocol)

**SMTP** (Simple Mail Transport Protocol)

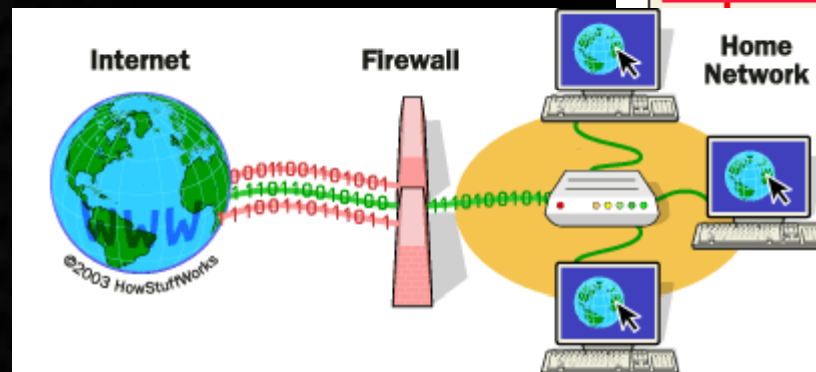
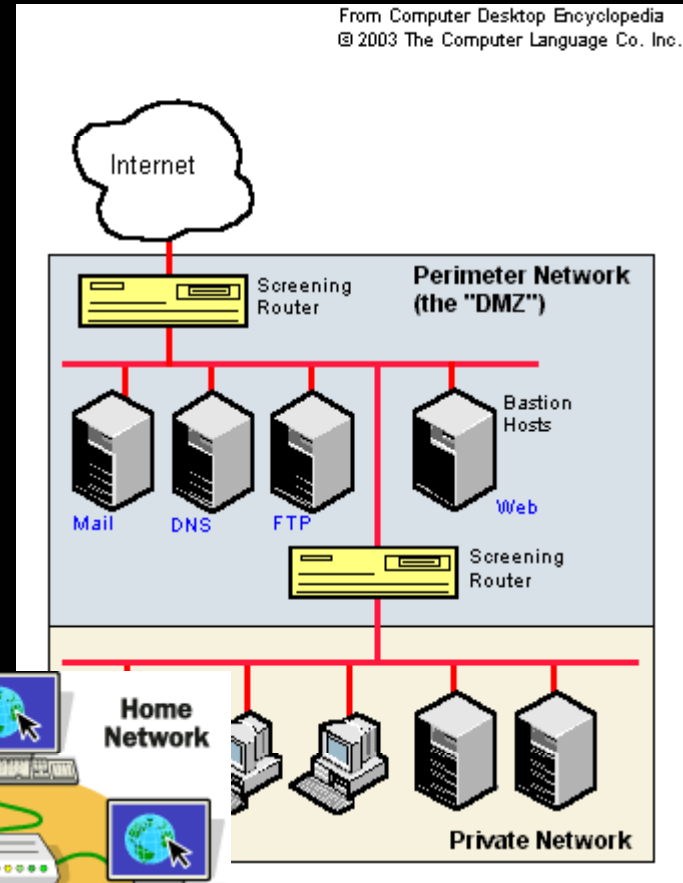
**SNMP** (Simple Network Management Protocol)

**Telnet**

# Firewall techniques



From Computer Desktop Encyclopedia  
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[5]



# Firewalls are customizable

## Ports

Any server machine makes its services available to the Internet using numbered **ports**, one for each service that is available on the server.

For example, if a server machine is running a Web (HTTP) server and an FTP server, the Web server would typically be available on **port 80**, and the FTP server would be available on **port 21**. A company might block port 21 access on all machines but one inside the company. [\[6\]](#)

# What does a basic PC firewall *not* do?

A PC firewall **can't** detect or remove computer viruses and worms if they're already on your computer.

Basic PC firewall can't clean up your computer after a virus attack; block phishing e-mails, spam, and pop-up ads; filter inappropriate or dangerous Web content; or shield IM users from spammers, thieves, and predators.

For complete protection beyond what a basic PC firewall provides, you need an **integrated Internet security suite**.[\[7\]](#)

# Advanced protection PC firewalls


## Dynamic firewalls

Dynamic PC firewall automatically opens your computer's door to the Internet when needed, allows only authorized traffic through, then immediately shuts the door.

## Outbound and inbound protection

Many basic PC firewalls only protect your PC from **unauthorized** inbound communications. Some PC firewalls, protect your PC from unauthorized inbound as well as outbound communications. The transmission of your private data to the hacker would be an unauthorized outbound communication. [\[8\]](#)

# Advanced protection PC firewalls



- Remote login
- Application backdoors
- SMTP session hijacking
- Operating system bugs
- Denial of service
- E-mail bombs
- Macros
- Viruses
- Spam
- Redirect bombs
- Source routing



# Case study

## ZoneAlarm Security Suite

# Advanced protection PC firewalls

## Basic configuration

Configuring program access permissions: Zone Labs security software can configure many of the most popular programs.

## Joining the DefenseNet community

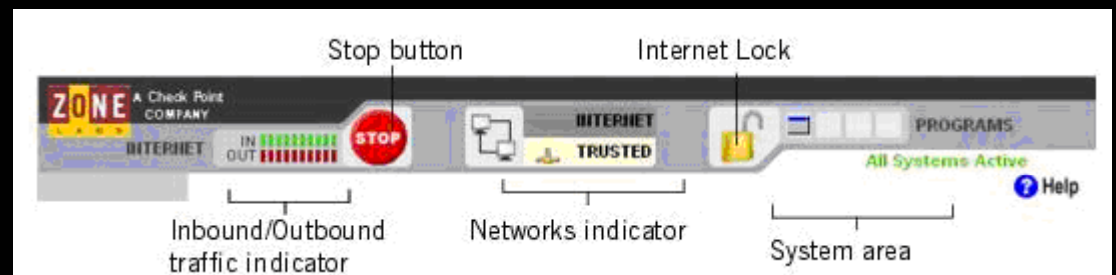
By joining DefenseNet, you can help us focus our attention on the features and services that you use most often and to introduce new functionality that will provide even smarter security. The frequency of data transmission depends upon the configuration of your computer. For most users, data will be sent once per day.

# Screenshot

The screenshot displays the ZoneAlarm Security Suite interface. At the top, the title bar reads "ZoneAlarm Security Suite". Below it, the "ZONE LABS" logo is visible. The main interface is divided into several sections:

- Overview:** Welcomes the user and states, "You're protected by ZoneAlarm Security Suite!".
- Blocked Intrusions:** Reports "315 Intrusions have been blocked since install" and "30 of those have been high-rated".
- Protection Modules:**
  - Inbound Protection:** "The firewall has blocked 315 access attempts".
  - Outbound Protection:** "177 program(s) secured for Internet access".
  - E-mail Protection:** "MailSafe is on" and "0 suspect e-mail attachments quarantined".
  - Anti-virus / Anti-spyware:** "Anti-virus is on, 7 viruses treated" and "Anti-spyware is on, 5 spies treated".
  - IM Security Protection:** "IM Security is on, 221 messages scanned".

On the right side, there are three promotional boxes: "Flash Tutorial", "An update is available!", and "What's new at Zone Labs". The bottom of the interface includes a "Hide Text" button and a "Reset to Default" button.



# Firewall configuration

## Adjusting the security levels


**High** security setting: High security places your computer in *stealth mode*. Making it invisible to hackers. High security is the default configuration Internet Zone . (file and printer sharing is disabled; but outgoing DNS, outgoing DHCP, and broadcast/multicast are allowed, so that you are able to browse the Internet. )

**Medium** security setting: *component learning mode* based on the MD5 signatures. Medium security is the default setting for the **Trusted Zone**.

(File and printer sharing is enabled, and all ports and protocols are allowed. Incoming NetBIOS traffic is blocked. This protects your computer from possible attacks no stealth mode )



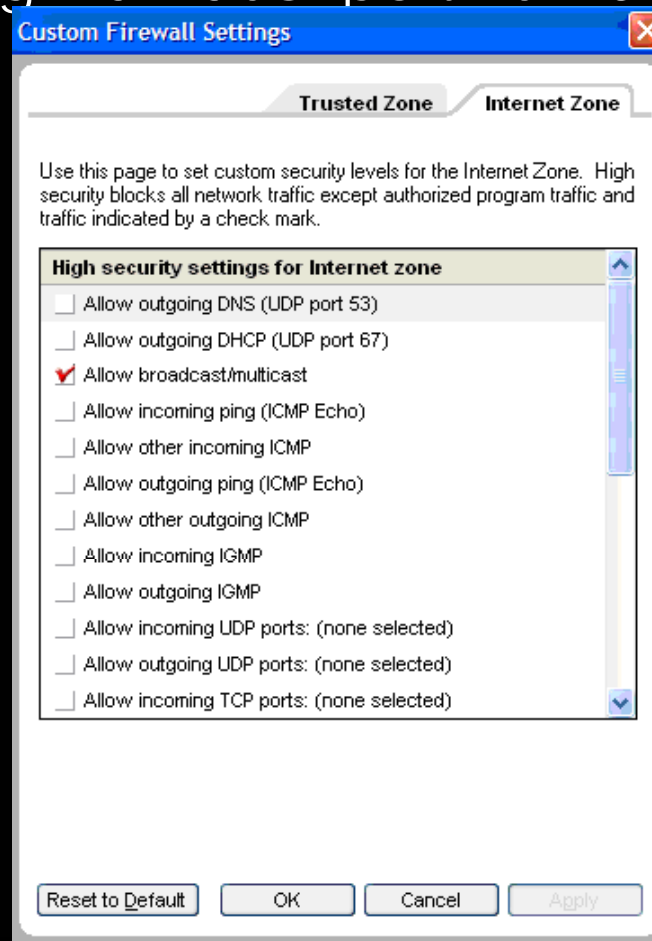
# Setting general security options



Block all fragments	Blocks all incomplete (fragmented) IP data packets. Hackers sometimes create fragmented packets to bypass or disrupt network devices that read packet headers.
Block trusted servers	Prevents all programs on your computer from acting as servers to the Trusted Zone. Note that this setting overrides permissions granted in the Programs panel.
Block Internet servers	Prevents all programs on your computer from acting as servers to the Internet Zone. Note that this setting overrides permissions granted in the Programs panel.
Enable ARP protection	Blocks all incoming ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) requests except broadcast requests for the address of the target computer. Also blocks all incoming ARP replies except those in response to outgoing ARP requests.
Allow VPN Protocols	Allows the use of VPN protocols (ESP, AH, GRE, SKIP) even when High security is applied. With this option disabled, these protocols are allowed only at Medium security.
Allow uncommon protocols at high security	Allows the use of protocols other than ESP, AH, GRE, and SKIP, at High security.
Lock hosts file	Prevents your computer's hosts file from being modified by hackers through spyware or Trojan horses. Because some legitimate programs need to modify your hosts file in order to function, this option is turned off by default.

# Adding custom ports

You can allow communication through additional ports at High security, or block additional ports at Medium security by specifying individual port numbers or port ranges.





## Using the programs list

The programs list provides an overview of the programs on your computer that have tried to access the Internet or the local network.

The **SmartDefense Advisor** and Trust Level columns indicate OSFirewall Protection for your computer and specify whether a program is allowed to perform operating system-level actions like changing TCP/IP parameters, loading or installing drivers, or changing your browser's default settings.

# Using the programs list

status indicator

Active	Programs	Smart Defense	Trust Level	Access		Server		Send Mail
				Trusted	Internet	Trusted	Internet	
	Windows Update A...	Auto	?	?	?	?	?	?
	Windows NT Sessi...	Auto		✓	✓	?	?	?
	Windows NT Multipl...	Auto	?	?	?	?	?	?
●	Windows NT Logon...	Auto		?	?	?	?	?
	Windows Managem...	Auto	?	?	?	?	?	?
	Windows Explorer	Auto		✓	✓	?	?	?
	VMwareUser	Auto	?	?	?	?	?	?
	VMwareTray	Auto	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	?
	VMware Tools Ser...	Auto	?	?	?	?	?	?
	Userinit Logon Appli...	Auto		✓	✓	?	?	?
	TrueVector Service	Auto	?	✗	✗	✗	✗	?

## Entry Detail


Product name      Microsoft(R) Windows (R) 2000 Operating System  
File name          C:\WINNT\system32\SERVICES.EXE  
Policy              Automatically configured  
Last policy update    4/22/2005 11:01:22

Add

Options

# Managing program components

The **Components List** contains a list of program components for allowed programs that have tried to access the Internet or the local network.



Component	Description	Access
activeds.dll	ADs Router Layer DLL	✓
actxprxy.dll	ActiveX Interface Marshaling Library	✓
adistres.dll	ADISTRES.DLL	✓
adslidpc.dll	ADs LDAP Provider C DLL	✓
ADVAPI32.DLL	Advanced Windows 32 Base API	✓
alert.zap	Alerts Plugin Module	✓
atl.dll	ATL Module for Windows NT (Unicode)	✓
avifil32.dll	Microsoft AVI File support library	✓
blackbox.dll	Black Box	✓
browsefc.dll	Shell Browser UI Library	✓

**Entry Detail**

Component name: Alerts Plugin Module  
File name: C:\PROGRAM FILES\ZONE LABS\ZONEALARM...  
File type: Dynamic Link Library  
Authentication: Manual  
Version: 4.0.81.0

[More Info](#)

Fire

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# Firewall techniques

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- [1] <http://www.webopedia.com/TERM/f/firewall.html> accessed by (04.06.2006)
- [2] [http://www.pcmag.com/encyclopedia\\_term/0,2542,t=firewall&i=43218,00.asp](http://www.pcmag.com/encyclopedia_term/0,2542,t=firewall&i=43218,00.asp)  
accessed by (04.06.2006)
- [3] <http://computer.howstuffworks.com/firewall1.htm> accessed by (04.06.2006)
- [4] [http://www.pcmag.com/encyclopedia\\_term/0,2542,t=firewall&i=43218,00.asp](http://www.pcmag.com/encyclopedia_term/0,2542,t=firewall&i=43218,00.asp)  
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accessed by (04.06.2006)